Residential Improvement Guidelines (RIGs)

Adopted: June 19, 2018

These residential guidelines have been prepared by the Architectural Committee and adopted by the Board of Directors of the Highlands Ranch Community Association. The Architectural Committee reserves the right to add to or modify these guidelines at its discretion. Please check with the Architectural Committee to be certain that you have the latest edition.
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I. INTRODUCTION.

1.1 Basis for Guidelines. These Residential Improvement Guidelines and Residential Site Restrictions are intended to assist homeowners in Highlands Ranch in the making of landscaping and other improvements to their property, and as provided for in Section 5.16 of the Community Declarations, to list the rules and regulations adopted by the Community Association with respect to the use of Residential Sites. THE COMMUNITY DECLARATION FOR HIGHLANDS RANCH COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC. REQUIRES PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE ARCHITECTURAL COMMITTEE BEFORE ANY “IMPROVEMENT TO PROPERTY” INVOLVING A RESIDENTIAL LOT IN HIGHLANDS RANCH. “Improvement to Property” is very broadly defined in the Community Declaration. For instance, an Improvement to Property would include any landscaping or change of grade of property; the construction or installation of any accessory building, patio, deck, pool or hot tub; the demolition or removal of any building or improvement; and any change of exterior appearance of a building or other improvement. In order to assist homeowners, the Community Declaration authorizes the Architectural Committee to establish guidelines, to establish certain pre-approved designs for several types of Improvements to Property, and to exempt certain Improvements to Property from the requirement for approval. This booklet contains the guidelines established by the Architectural Committee with respect to residential property. Throughout this document the term “property” shall refer to a Residential Site.

1.2 Contents of Guidelines. In addition to the introductory material, these guidelines contain (a) a listing of specific types of improvements which homeowners might wish to make with specific information as to each of these types of improvements; (b) rules and regulations applicable to Residential Sites; (c) a summary of procedures for obtaining approval from the Architectural Committee; (d) attachments for fencing guidelines; and (e) a section to define commonly used terms herein. If your questions are not answered by reading these guidelines, please call the Community Improvement Services staff at (303) 471-8821 for assistance.

1.3 Architectural Committee. The Architectural Committee consists of seven (7) members appointed by the Board of Directors of the Community Association.

1.4 Committee Address and Phone. The address of the Architectural Committee will be the same as the address of the Community Association. The present address of the Architectural Committee is 9568 South University Boulevard, Highlands Ranch, Colorado 80126. The phone number of the Architectural Committee is 303-471-8821, and the fax number is 303-791-6705. Information can be obtained at the Highlands Ranch Community Association website (www.hrcaonline.org).

1.5 Effect of Community and Supplemental Declarations. The Community Declaration for Highlands Ranch Community Association, Inc. is a document governing property within Highlands Ranch. Particular areas or groups of lots become part of the Community Association Area by Annexation pursuant to a Supplemental Declaration. The builder should provide copies of the Community Declaration and of the applicable Supplemental Declaration to new homebuyers when they purchase their homes and are available at any time at the Community Association office. Each homeowner should review and become familiar with the Community Declaration and with the Supplemental Declaration applicable to his or her property. Nothing in these Guidelines can supersede or alter the provisions or requirements of the Community Declaration or of the applicable Supplemental Declaration and, if there is any conflict or inconsistency, the Community Declaration and the applicable Supplemental Declaration will control. Provisions relating to the use of property and to Improvements to Property are found in Article IX and X of the Community Declaration and in Article IV in most Supplemental Declarations.
Any improvement not in compliance with these Guidelines and Restrictions may result in a fine against the owner, following Notice and an opportunity for Hearing and such further action, legal or otherwise, as permitted by the Community Declaration or statute.

All approvals by the Architectural Committee are final. Approved plans and improvements completed as approved are not subject to appeal or request for Hearing.

If any provision of these Guidelines and Restrictions is ruled invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of these Guidelines and Restrictions shall remain in full force and effect.

1.6 **Effects of Development Guide.** A Planned Community District Development Guide for Highlands Ranch was approved by the Board of the County Commissioners of Douglas County on September 17, 1979 and has been recorded in the Douglas County real estate records. The Development Guide defines permitted uses in the various areas of Highlands Ranch and contains some provisions, which could affect improvements by homeowners. The Development Guide establishes among other things, minimum lot area and, in some cases, minimum lot width, minimum front yard, side yard and rear yard distances (i.e., “setbacks”) and maximum building height. The Development Guide identifies permitted accessory building uses and sets development standards for accessory buildings and special setback requirements for swimming pools. The Development Guide contains specific standards for signs. Finally, the Development Guide contains provisions for off-street parking, which, for instance, require that garages be kept and maintained so as to be accessible and usable at all times.

1.7 **Effect of Governmental and Other Regulations.** Use of property and Improvements to Property must comply with applicable building codes and other governmental requirements and regulations. Approval by the Architectural Committee will not constitute assurance that improvements comply with applicable governmental requirements or regulations, nor does approval assure that a permit or approvals are not also required from applicable governmental bodies. For general information about Douglas County requirements, homeowners may write or call Douglas County Building Department, 100 Third Street, Castle Rock, Colorado 80104, or at 303-660-7497.

1.8 **Interference with Utilities.** In making Improvements to Property, homeowners are responsible for locating all water, gas, sewer, electrical, cable television or other utility lines or easements. Homeowners should not construct any improvements over such easements without the consent of the utility involved and homeowners will be responsible for damage to any utility lines. All underground utility lines and easements can be located by contacting the following entities:

Highlands Ranch Metropolitan District . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 303-791-0430  
Utility Notification Center (cable, electric, gas, telephone) . . . . . . 800-922-1987

1.9 **Goal of Guidelines.** Compliance with these Guidelines and Restrictions, the provisions of the Community Declaration and the applicable Supplemental Declaration will help preserve the inherent architectural and aesthetic quality of Highlands Ranch. It is important that the Improvements to Property be made in harmony with, and not be detrimental to, the rest of the community. A spirit of cooperation with the Architectural Committee and neighbors will go far in creating an optimum environment, which will benefit all homeowners. By following these Guidelines and Restrictions and obtaining approvals for Improvements to Property from the Architectural Committee, homeowners will be protecting their financial investment and will help insure that Improvements to Property are compatible with standards established for Highlands Ranch. If a question ever arises as to the correct interpretation of any terms, phrases or language contained in these Guidelines and Restrictions, the Architectural Committee’s interpretation thereof shall be final and binding.
The following explains how to obtain an approval. Call 303-471-8821 if you need assistance.
PROCEDURES FOR COMMITTEE APPROVAL

1.10 **General.** As indicated in the listing of specific types of improvements, here are some cases in which advance written approval of the Architectural Committee is not required if the guidelines for that specific type of improvement are followed. In a few cases, as indicated in the listing, a specific type of improvement is not permitted under any circumstances. **IN ALL OTHER CASES, INCLUDING IMPROVEMENTS NOT INCLUDED IN THE LISTING, ADVANCE OR PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL BY THE ARCHITECTURAL COMMITTEE IS REQUIRED BEFORE AN IMPROVEMENT TO PROPERTY IS COMMENCED. THIS SECTION OF THE GUIDELINES EXPLAINS HOW SUCH APPROVAL IS TO BE OBTAINED.**

1.11 **Drawings or Plans.** The Architectural Committee requires all submittals to list the address of the property and name and address of the property owner. Submittal must be made prior to commencement of work on any Improvement to Property, including “descriptions, surveys, plot plans, drainage plans, elevation drawings, construction plans, specifications and samples of materials and colors” as the Architectural Committee may reasonably request showing “the nature, kind, shape, height, width, color, materials and location” of the proposed Improvement to Property. In most cases, a simple drawing and description will be sufficient. In the case of major improvements, such as room additions, structural changes or accessory building construction, detailed plans, and specifications, prepared by a registered architect and/or engineer, may be required. Whether the property owner or a contractor will do the improvement, the following guidelines should be utilized in preparing drawings or plans:

A. The drawing or plan should be done to scale and should depict the property lines of your lot and the outside boundary lines of the home as located on the lot. If you have a copy of the site plan of your lot obtained when you purchased it, this survey would be an excellent base from which to draw.

B. Existing improvements, in addition to your home, should be so shown on the drawing or plan and identified or labeled. Such existing improvements include driveways, walks, decks, trees, bushes, etc.

C. The proposed improvements should be shown on the plan and labeled. Either on the plan or on an attachment, there should be a brief description of the proposed improvement, including the material to be used and the colors. (Example: Redwood deck, 10 feet by 12 feet with two (2) inch by four (4) inch decking, natural stain.)

D. The plan or drawing and other materials should show the name of the property owner, the address of the home and a telephone number where the property owner can be reached.

1.12 **Submission of Drawings and Plans.** Improvement plans must be submitted to the Architectural Committee at the address in the introductory of these guidelines. These plans become a permanent part of the homeowner’s file and will not be returned.

1.13 **Review Fee.** An architectural review fee will be charged for each request for approval of any proposed residential improvement except as noted in the approved HRCA Architectural Review Fee structure. Please check with the Community Improvement Services Department for current fees.

1.14 **Action by Committee.** The Architectural Committee will meet regularly to review all plans submitted for approval. Under Section 10.6 of the Community Declaration, the Committee may require submission of additional material and the Committee may postpone action until all required materials have been submitted. You will be notified if they believe additional materials are necessary, or have any suggestions for change. Under Section 10.10 and 10.12 of the Community Declaration, the Architectural Committee must act on the plans within 30 days after receipt of all materials required by the Committee (unless the time is extended by mutual agreement). You will be notified, in writing, of the decision of the Committee within this time period.
1.15 **Prosecution of Work.** Section 10.13 of the Community Declaration requires that, after approval, a proposed Improvement to Property should be accomplished as promptly and diligently as possible in accordance with the approval plans and description. Under this provision, the work must be completed, in any event, within one (1) year, or re-submittal shall be required. Section 10.15 of the Community Declaration gives the Committee the right to inspect the work and under Section 10.17, the Committee must act within 30 days after receipt of a Notice of Completion or the Improvement to Property is deemed to be in compliance. A Work Completion Notice will be included with your approval letter for you to return.

1.16 **Right of Appeal.** If the Architectural Committee denies or imposes conditions on a proposed improvement, a homeowner may, under Section 10.11 of the Community Declaration, appeal to a Tribunal by giving written notice of such appeal within twenty (20) days after such denial.

1.17 **Questions.** If you have any questions about the Committee’s procedures, feel free to call and talk to the Community Improvement Services department staff at 303-471-8821.
SPECIFIC IMPROVEMENTS/ MAINTENANCE – GUIDELINES.

2.1 General. Following is a listing, in alphabetical order, of restrictions as well as a wide variety of specific types of improvements which homeowners typically consider installing, with pertinent information as to each. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFICALLY STATED (SEE PROCEDURES FOR COMMITTEE APPROVAL, ARTICLE III), DRAWINGS OR PLANS FOR A PROPOSED IMPROVEMENT MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE ARCHITECTURAL COMMITTEE AND THE WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE ARCHITECTURAL COMMITTEE OBTAINED BEFORE THE IMPROVEMENT IS MADE. In some cases, where it is specifically so noted, a homeowner may proceed with the improvement without advance approval by the Architectural Committee if the homeowner follows the stated guidelines. In some cases, where specifically stated, a type of improvement is prohibited. ANY OTHER IMPROVEMENT NOT SPECIFICALLY LISTED HEREIN REQUIRES COMMITTEE REVIEW AND WRITTEN APPROVAL.

2.2 Accessory Buildings/Accessory Use. See definition in Section IV. Architectural Committee approval is required. Submitted plans must include the dimensions and roof pitch. Considerations will include, but may not be limited to, the following criteria:

A. Materials, including roofing, shall match existing house unless otherwise approved by Committee. No plastic, resin, metal or plastic composite sheds are permitted.

B. Smaller lots may not have a suitable location for a storage shed. In any case, no more than one (1) accessory building/storage shed shall be permitted per property.

C. Color of siding and trim shall match colors of the existing house.

D. Maximum size is 8’ by 10’ by 8 ½’ in height, including skids, foundation or concrete slab. Shall be complementary to the architectural style of the house.

E. Shall be screened by a fence or vegetation. Vegetation must be evenly distributed on all exposed sides and shall not allow more than 50% of building to be viewed from ground level.

F. Shall be located in the most unobtrusive location possible to adjacent properties with a minimum of two feet off any property line or fence.

G. Any utilities to accessory building shall be underground.

H. Shall not unreasonably obstruct views of properties on open spaces (See View and Solar Obstructions Section 2.8).

Note: If grade is uneven, it may be necessary to excavate in order to meet the height requirement. Submittals will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration the lot size and proposed location of shed or accessory building.

Chicken Coops/Houses require committee approval. Submitted plans must include chicken coop/henhouse dimensions, materials, and the location within the property. Chicken coops/Henhouses should not exceed the following dimensions: 4 ft. width, 7 ft. length, and 4.5 ft. in height. Chicken Coop/ Henhouses should be located in the most unobtrusive location with a minimum of 5’ off of the side property lines, and 8’ off of the back property lines. No Chicken Coop/Henhouses are permitted in the front yard. Adjacent connected chicken runs are not considered part of the structure. There is a maximum of (4) animals allowed per property (i.e. dogs, cats, hens, etc.), no roosters. No other “farm type” animals (goats, ducks, pigs, horses, etc.) are permitted.
Bee Hives require Committee approval. Plans must include bee hive dimensions, materials, and the location within the property. A maximum of two (2) bee hives will be allowed per property. Bee hives must be located in an unobtrusive location on the property with a minimum of 5’ off of the side property lines and eight (8) feet off the back property lines. Bee hives are not permitted in the front yard.

A playhouse will be considered to be an accessory building if it is more than 24 square feet and/or over six (6) feet in height from highest peak to ground (see Playhouses, Section 2.56).

2.3 Additions and Alterations/Scrape Lot or Rebuild Construction. Committee approval is required. An addition should look like the original structure with matching architectural style and rooflines. Additions or alterations to the home will require submission of detailed plans and specifications to include a site plan and floor plan. Site plans should be submitted in a scale of 1”-0” = 20’-0” and floor plans and elevations in ¼” = 1’-0”. A $100.00 review fee shall accompany the submittal and the homeowner should plan on a 30-day review period. For complex and detailed additions, it is suggested that homeowners schedule an appointment to meet with the Architectural Committee, with their contractor or architect as needed, at the same meeting the submittal will be reviewed by the Committee. Considerations will include, but may not be limited to the following criteria:

- Exterior elevations of the existing structure and the proposed addition must be provided;
- All materials and colors shall match the existing house;
- Location and proximity to neighboring properties (be advised that front elevation alterations and side yard additions will be considered on a case-by-case basis.) In general, additions should not extend beyond the side plane of the original home;
- Roof pitch must match the existing pitch on the home as closely as possible and drawings must show how rooflines integrate between the home and the addition.

Any proposed revision that might alter the intended and defined use of a private residential garage must be approved by Douglas County.

Garage door conversions to enclose a garage by creating a fixed wall on the exterior of the home is not allowed.

Scrape Lot or Rebuild Construction. Committee approval is required. Considerations will include, those for additions and alterations, and include, but not be limited to the following:

A. Custom Built Homes (Falcon Hills, Highwoods, and BackCountry): Homes in these filings may be replaced with another custom built home, which meets with the approval of Architectural Committee and the Sub-AssOCIation, and meets all applicable setbacks for the specific filing as recorded with Douglas County.

B. Tract Homes (All filings for single family homes): Each filing has a “series” of homes with different floor plans and several exterior elevations. Replacement (either partial or total) of a home within a recorded filing must use one of the pre-existing models and with the front elevation for that product within the series of homes. Side and rear elevations may be reasonably modified to allow for changes to the interior floor plan. Exterior building materials are to be reasonably compatible with the existing homes in the filing.

The Planned Community District Development Guide for Highlands Ranch provides Residential Development Standards for minimum lot area, maximum allowable height and setbacks for a dwelling. Any zoning revision to combine adjacent platted lots with the intent
to increase a building area must be reviewed and approved by Douglas County Zoning Department. Rebuild construction must follow these guidelines as appropriate to the type of dwelling proposed. Approval by Douglas County Zoning Department is required.

C. **Attached Homes**: Must be rebuilt with the same exterior elevations and material as the original home. Interior changes may be made to the extent that the exterior elevations are not altered.

2.4 **Address Numbers**. Committee approval is not required unless numbers on the house will be larger than six (6) inches in height. Numbers painted on curbs do not require Committee approval if they are six (6) inches or smaller and are black and white or glow-in-the-dark yellow on black background. Curb numbers are not required. Stand-alone decorative and/or illuminated house number signs are permitted with Committee approval.

2.5 **Air Conditioning Equipment; Evaporative Coolers**. Committee approval is required. Window units installed at street level must be located in a “side yard” or “rear yard” and must be “screened” from adjacent properties. Installation of air conditioning equipment above street level will not be permitted unless totally “concealed”, see definition in Section IV. For air conditioner equipment installed at ground level, considerations will include, but may not be limited to, screening, location, and specific proximity to neighbor’s living spaces.

Evaporative coolers (swamp coolers) require Committee approval. Considerations will include, but are not be limited to, location and screening.

2.6 **Antennas/Satellite Dishes**.

The Telecommunications Act of 1996 (“Act”) was signed into law on February 8, 1996. Pursuant to the Act, the Federal Communication Commission (“FCC”) adopted a rule effective October 14, 1996 (“the FCC Rule”), preempting certain restrictions in the governing documents of homeowner’s associations concerning the installation, maintenance, and use of direct broadcast satellite (“DBS”), television broadcast (“TBS”), and multi point distribution service antennas (“MMDS”) (“antennas/dishes”).

In response to the FCC Rule, and due to the development of recent technology, the Architectural Committee adopted the following reasonable restrictions and guidelines governing installation, maintenance, and the use of antennas/dishes in the best interest of the Community and consistent with the FCC Rule.

**A. Antenna size and type.**

1. DBS and MMDS antennas/dishes that are one (1) meter (39") or less in diameter and for personal use of a homeowner may be installed. DBS and MMDS antennas/dishes larger than one (1) meter are prohibited.

2. All antennas/dishes not covered by the FCC Rule are prohibited.

**B. Location.**

1. All antennas/dishes shall be installed with emphasis on being as unobtrusive as possible to others in the community. To the extent that reception is not substantially degraded or costs unreasonably increased, all antennas/dishes shall be screened from view from any street and nearby lots to the maximum extent possible, and placement shall be made in the following order of preference:

   a. “rear” yard or “side” yard, behind and below the fence line;

   b. “rear” yard or “side” yard, mounted on the house, in the least visible location below roofline;
c. "side" yard in front of wing fence, screened by and integrated into landscaping;

d. “front” yard screened by and integrated into landscaping;

e. “back” rooftop.

If more than one (1) location on the property allows for adequate reception without imposing unreasonable expense or delay, the order of preference described above shall be used, and the least visible site shall be selected. Dishes/antennas may not be attached to the fence.

2. If the selected site is not inside the structure or in the “rear” or “side” yard below the fence line (B.1.a. and B.1.b.), the Owner shall complete a notification form and deliver it to the Association, along with a statement signed by the Owner and the installer of the antenna/dish stating that all positions, described in paragraph B.1., have been tried in order of rank, and that the site of installation is the first site whereby an acceptable quality signal can be received. For example, if an acceptable quality signal is available from a site in the “rear” yard below fence level, sites listed below B.1.b. (c., d., e., and f.) are not acceptable.

3. Antennas/dishes shall not encroach upon common areas or any other Owner’s property.

C. Installation. Committee approval is required.

1. All installations must comply with all applicable building codes and other governmental regulations, and must be secured so they do not jeopardize the safety of residents or cause damage to adjacent properties. Any mast installation must strictly comply with FCC guidelines.

2. All antennas/dishes shall be no larger, nor installed more visibly, than is necessary for reception of an acceptable signal.

3. Owners are responsible for all costs associated with the antenna/dish, including but are not limited to costs to install, replace, repair, maintain, relocate, or remove the unit.

4. All cabling must be run internally when feasible, must be securely attached, and must be as inconspicuous as possible. Antennas/dishes, masts, and any visible wiring may be required to be painted to match the color of the structure to which they are attached. The owner should check with the installer/vendor for the appropriate type of paint.

5. Except as otherwise provided herein above, to the extent not prohibited by the FCC Rule, approval of the location, height, materials and other features regarding the appearance of any antenna/dish shall be submitted in accordance with the Community Declaration.

Note: Antenna approval by the Architectural Committee in no way should be construed as a representation, guarantee, or warranty, etc. by the Architectural Committee and/or the Highlands Ranch Community Association, Inc. that reception and/or transmission signals will be adequate or will remain undisturbed by vegetation or improvements located on surrounding properties. All other antennas, not addressed above, shall remain restricted on all residential sites and Committee approval is required.
2.7 **Awnings**. Committee approval is required. The color shall be complementary to the exterior of the house.

2.8 **Balconies**. See Decks, Section 2.20.

2.9 **Basketball Backboards, Portable Basketball Goals and Permanent Basketball Backboards**.

   A. Permanently installed, commercially manufactured backboards of standard design and color may be mounted above the garage without Committee approval.

   B. All other backboards and goals must be submitted for Committee approval. Criteria for consideration will include, but may not be limited to:

   1. Proximity of goal to adjacent houses.
   2. Adequate visual screening and lot location in rear and side yard applications.
   3. For permanent goal applications sleeve shall not protrude more than four (4) inches above the ground.

   C. Portable goal applications will not require approval under the following considerations:

      1. The location must be at least half (½) of the length of the driveway away from the street. This location constitutes proper placement for the unit and the goal must be kept in this location.
      2. Homeowners may submit to have a permanent concrete pad installed adjacent to a public sidewalk or homeowner's driveway for the storage and use of a portable basketball goal.
      3. The location should not impede or obstruct the use of the garage, driveway, public sidewalk, and the unit must be leveled to ensure that the goal is balanced and standing upright.

   Portable Basketball Goals – defined by the Architectural Committee as equipment that is commercially manufactured, with a large base for counter-balance, and/or wheels for mobility, and are engineered for removal.

   Portable goals are considered personal items, rather than permanent improvements to the property, and therefore, are to be moved with other personal belongings when a property changes ownership or residents.

   Committee approval is required for a portable basketball goal installation in any other area than the driveway, i.e. back yard, side yard. A back yard or side yard installation of a portable basketball goal may be considered a sport court and may be subject to Section 2.76 Sport Courts considerations.

   **Note**: For Sport Courts see Section 2.76.

2.10 **Birdbaths**. Committee approval is not required for one (1) birdbath if it is less than three (3) feet tall, including pedestal. Placement of additional units requires Committee approval. Refer to Section 2.47 Ornaments.

2.11 **Birdhouses and Birdfeeders**. Committee approval is not required for two (2) “rear” yard installations. Size is limited to 1’ x 2’ x 18”. Additional units or location in “front” or “side” yard requires Committee approval. If the birdhouse or birdfeeder is to be pole-mounted, the maximum
height shall be six (6) feet from grade to top of feeder. Attracting any undesirable species may be considered a nuisance under Section 9.2 of the Community Declaration. Birdhouses and birdfeeders may not be attached to a fence.

2.12 **Boats.** See Motor Vehicles/Recreational Vehicles, Section 2.46.

2.13 **Business Activity from a Residence.** The owner of a residential site may use his property for professional or other home-based occupations so long as there is no external evidence thereof and no unreasonable inconvenience to the neighbors is created. See Section 4.2 Residential Use in the Supplemental Declaration quoted below:

**4.2. Residential Use.** Each Residential Site in the Annexed Property shall be improved with a Dwelling Unit and used solely for (a) one Common Household Group for residential living purposes and such purposes as are customarily incident thereto, and shall not be used at any time for business, commercial or professional activities; provided, however, that (b) an Owner of a Residential Site in the Annexed Property may use his Dwelling Unit for professional or other home occupations so long as there is no external evidence thereof and no unreasonable inconvenience to the neighbors is created, and (c) the Owner of such Site may rent or lease a Dwelling Unit constructed on the Site for residential living purposes for a term of at least thirty (30) days, pursuant to a written lease or rental agreement. The terms of any such lease or rental agreement shall be subject in all respects to the provisions of this Supplemental Declaration, the Community Declaration, the Articles of Incorporation and the Bylaws of the Community Association, and shall provide that failure by the lessee of such Dwelling Unit to comply with the terms of any such documents shall constitute a default under the lease or rental agreement.

Considerations will be based upon, but not limited to the following criteria: trash, sound, odor, signage, traffic, vehicles, parking, deliveries, employees, and impact to neighboring properties. Homeowners should also contact Douglas County for zoning restrictions regarding home-based businesses (303-660-7460).

2.14 **Campers.** See Motor Vehicles/Recreational Vehicles, Section 2.46.

2.15 **Car Covers.** Committee approval is not required if the following guidelines are met: Shall be manufactured as the specific cover for the vehicle, shall be of neutral color, and must be well maintained at all times. Covered vehicles must be parked in the driveway or garage. All other covers require Committee approval.

2.16 **Carports.** Not permitted. See Motor Vehicles/Recreational Vehicles, Section 2.46 for allowable methods of vehicle storage.

2.17 **Clothes Lines and Hangers.** Committee approval is not required for temporary or retractable clothes lines or clothes drying structures located in the backyard that have adequate visual screening and which can be, and are in fact, taken down or retracted after each use. Note that, under many of the currently existing Supplemental Declarations, clothing, fabrics and other articles may not be hung, dried or aired so as to be visible from other property except as provided in guidelines of the Committee.

2.18 **Commercial Vehicles/Trailers.**

A. A commercial vehicle is defined as, but is not limited to, a vehicle that has a business name or logo on it, and/or has equipment racks or equipment attached. Trailers used to carry equipment or tools are considered commercial vehicles. The following vehicles are prohibited:

1. box trucks and enclosed trailers;
2. flatbed trucks;
3. limousines and hearses;
4. shuttle buses and converted school buses;
5. semi cabs and trailers;
6. tow trucks;
7. bucket/boom trucks.

All commercial vehicles shall be parked in the garage unless Committee approval has been
given to park in the driveway. Such approval will be based upon but not limited to curb
appeal, effect on safety and street traffic, size and type of vehicle, signage and attached
appurtenances. Commercial vehicles will not be given approval to be parked in the street.
In any case, no more than one commercial vehicle shall be permitted per property unless
they are consistently parked within the garage, even if they have been given conditional
approval to park at the property with work-related equipment (i.e. ladders, pipes, etc.)
removed. One standard issue toolbox is permitted mounted against the truck cab with
Committee approval. Vehicles that have significant commercial logos/paint schemes must
be approved by the Architectural Committee and will be considered based on curb appeal
and inability to park vehicle in the garage.

B. Emergency vehicles may be parked on a street or driveway if the owner is required, as a
condition of his/her employment, to keep the vehicle available at his/her residence during
certain times as an emergency service provider, and all of the following criteria are met:

1. the vehicle has a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less;
2. the Owner is a member of a volunteer fire department or is employed by an
emergency service provider;
3. the vehicle bears visible designation of the emergency service provider; and
4. the parking of the vehicle does not obstruct emergency access or interfere with the
reasonable needs of other Owners within the Community.

The owner of a vehicle that fits this criteria must provide proof to the Architectural
Committee by submitting a letter from his/her emergency service provider employer
verifying that the employee is required to maintain this emergency vehicle at his/her
residence as a condition of his/her employment and specify for what periods of time and
must also register the vehicle by completing and submitting an emergency vehicle
registration form to the HRCA Community Improvement Services department.

Emergency service provider is defined as a first responder of emergency firefighting, law
enforcement, ambulance, emergency medical, or other life-safety emergency services.

2.19 **Compost.** Committee approval is required. Container shall be a minimum of five (5) feet off of a
side property line and eight (8) feet off of a back property line, and shall not be immediately
visible to adjacent properties or streets. Odors must be controlled. Underground composting is
not permitted. Contact CSU Cooperative Extension in Douglas County for additional information,
720.733.6930.
2.20 **Decks (New and Replacement).** Committee approval is required for new and replacement deck plans. Deck plan submittals shall include the following:

1. Site plan denoting location with dimensions to property lines.
2. Floor plan with rear and side elevation drawings.
3. Materials being used.
4. Railing design and materials.

Consideration for decks will include, but may not be limited, to the following criteria:

A. Location and proximity to neighbor’s properties with standard installation being directly behind the house. Alternative locations (i.e., master-level, side-yard, etc.) will be considered on a case-by-case basis and must be proportionate in size to the overall plan.

B. Construction material (i.e., redwood, cedar, pressure-treated wood, “Trex” or comparable product, in a natural wood color, stained a cedar tone, or a complementary color to the home).

C. Size must be in proportion to lot (standard is considered to be not more than approximately 25% of backyard area.)

D. Deck railings must be of similar materials to deck. Use of glass or plexi-glass panels requires Committee approval.

Considerations by the Committee will include, but may not be limited to, size, location, material, and aesthetics. Color must be similar to, or generally acceptable, as complementary to the house and must be maintained to include necessary repairs, staining, painting, etc. Decks shall not be constructed on or over utility easements.

2.21 **Deck Cover/Pergola.** Committee approval is required for any type of deck cover. Deck Covers/Pergolas must be maintained to include necessary repairs, staining, painting, etc. Considerations will include, but may not be limited to, the following criteria:

A. Materials shall match existing house (i.e. painting, staining, siding, roofing, etc.).

B. Plan shall denote dimensions and distances from property lines. Side yard applications will be considered on a case-by-case basis.

C. Plan shall include side and rear elevations.

D. Minimum roof pitch is 3:12 (for every foot of run, roof must rise three inches) but should match existing pitch as close as possible; plan must show how rooflines integrate between the house and cover.

E. To enclose a deck cover, please see additions in Section 2.3.

2.22 **Disability Accessibility.** Committee approval is required for both temporary and permanent structures. Such items shall include, but may not be limited to, ramps, railings, landings, lifts, and hard surface (paving) alterations. Considerations will include, but may not be limited to, integration into the landscape and if the improvement is complementary to the home including materials, colors and screening.
2.23 **Dog Runs/Dog Houses.** Committee approval is required. Dog Runs/Dog Houses must be maintained at all times to include timely clean up/removal of dog waste and elimination of odors.

A. Dog runs must:
   1. abut the house;
   2. be located in “rear” or “side” yard.
   3. have appropriate ground cover (i.e., rock, mulch, etc.).

B. Considerations will include, but may not be limited to:
   1. proximity to neighbors’ windows and principal outdoor living areas;
   2. adequate visual screening relating to adjacent properties;
   3. type of cover, if requested.

The Committee limits the size of dog runs to a maximum of 250 square feet for most properties. Wire mesh with wood may be approved when built to the specifications of Figure 6. Chain link may be approved if “concealed” from view and shall not extend above perimeter fencing. Dog runs are limited to one (1) dog run per property.

2.24 **Door Replacement and Additions/Garage Doors.** Committee approval is required for the addition of screen/storm or other doors. Security enhancements for doors and windows (i.e., bars and grills, etc.) require approval.

Garage door replacement requires Committee approval. Considerations to include but are not limited to: neighborhood consistency, window design, color, style, etc.

Garage door conversions to enclose a garage by creating a fixed wall on the exterior of the home is not allowed.

2.25 **Drainage.** Committee approval is required for any change affecting drainage. Section 9.11 of the Community Declaration requires that there be no interference with the established drainage pattern over any property except as approved in writing by the Architectural Committee. The established drainage pattern means the drainage pattern as engineered and constructed by Developer/Builder prior to (or in some cases, immediately following) conveyance of title from Developer/Builder to the individual homeowner. Landscaping should conform to the established drainage pattern. When installing landscaping, it is very important to ensure that water drains away from the foundation of the house and that the flow patterns prevent water from flowing under or pooling near or against the house foundation, walkways, sidewalks and driveways. Water should flow fully over walkways, sidewalks and driveways into the street. The Architectural Committee may require a report from a Colorado registered civil engineer as part of landscaping or improvement plan approval. Sump pump drainage should not discharge directly onto adjacent properties. The Community Association has no authority to intervene in matters of civil law such as boundary or drainage disputes.

2.26 **Driveways.** Committee approval is required for modification or expansion of driveways, including pavers, stamping, or overlays of concrete. Driveways are considered those areas used by motor vehicles and do not include areas that are strictly used as a walkway. All submittals for expansions shall be based upon the following criteria:

A. Visual impact and consistency within the neighborhood;
B. Maximum width is 9’0” and may not extend closer than 2 feet to adjacent property line;
C. Must be installed adjacent to existing driveway and not extend into the side yard;
D. Material must match existing driveway or a material to complement the surroundings (Patterned, colored or stained concrete, or other suitable driveway material, stamping and overlays of concrete);

E. Parking/storing equipment or trailers is not permitted. Any variation from the 9’0” width guideline requires Committee approval.

2.27 **Evaporative Coolers.** Committee approval is required. See Air Conditioning Equipment, Section 2.5.

2.28 **Fences.**

A. **General Statement:** Homeowners are not required to install fencing. Fences constructed by the Developer or Builder along or abutting property lines, arterial streets, collector streets, and local streets may not be removed, replaced, stained, painted a different color, or altered from existing construction without approval of the Architectural Committee. If any such fences constructed by the Developer or Builder, which are located upon a homeowner’s property, are damaged or destroyed, the homeowner shall repair, stain, paint or recondition the same at the homeowner’s expense. Some fences may already be located upon property owned by the Highlands Ranch Metro District and, if so, the approval of the Metro District shall also be obtained before any such fence is removed, replaced, stained, painted or altered. It is important to note that some sub-associations have specific guidelines in addition to the general fencing guidelines herein. If you have questions call our office at 303-471-8821.

B. **Theme Fencing:** (fencing that has been installed by the Developer/Builder or Highlands Ranch Metro District along or abutting property lines on residential streets, parks, schools, green belts, or non-urban areas):

1. **Arterial Fencing** (along major roadways): Is the property of Highlands Ranch Metro District and no change in this fencing is permitted without its approval.

2. **Non-Arterial Fencing** (3’ 6” open fence):

   a. Open fence that is adjacent to or abuts open space shall not be altered without Committee approval. Welded wire (2” x 4”) may be installed, with Committee approval, but the height is not to exceed the top rail (See Figure 3).

   b. In order to mitigate prairie dog damage of residential landscapes, 1” x 1” galvanized, 14 gauge welded-wire fencing may be used per the Highlands Ranch Metro District guidelines. For additional information, please contact the Metro District at 303-791-2710 for guidance in installing prairie dog mitigation fencing.

   c. **Pre-approved Fence Designs.** Fences (not previously installed by a Builder or Developer) that will be located in the “rear” or “side” yard along property lines, and will be constructed in exact accordance with the specifications shown in Figures 1 through 4 (See pages 39 – 42) require Committee approval. Property line fences may be “open” or “solid”. A “solid” fence shall be five (5) or six (6) feet in height and must be constructed in accordance with Figures 1 and 2 (See pages 39 and 40) except those properties subject to stricter sub-association fencing requirements. An open fence must be constructed in accordance with Figure 3 or Figure 4 (See pages 41 and 42). The transition between a shorter fence of any type and a taller “solid” fence must be in accordance with Figure 2 (See page 40).
d. DOUBLE FENCING OF PROPERTY LINES IS NOT PERMITTED.

All fencing in Figures 1 through 5 shall be constructed of rough sawn cedar or as otherwise approved by the Committee. All "solid" fencing must be top capped as illustrated in Figures 1 and 2 (See pages 39 – 40).

Gates shall be constructed in accordance with Figure 5 (See page 43).

C. Maintenance: Regular aesthetic maintenance and staining of fencing is required.
   1. Maintenance/repairs include, but are not limited to, broken and unattached boards/posts, deterioration (discoloration, flaking, peeling, etc.) or anything impacting the overall appearance or stability of the fence.
   2. Homeowners making any repairs or replacement of 25% or more of an existing fence require Committee approval.

D. Staining: ALL FENCE STAINING REQUIRES COMMITTEE APPROVAL
   1. Fencing is not allowed to be left natural or unstained.
   2. Fences are required to be stained with the "Highlands Ranch Fence Brown" solid stain color. Samples are available at the Community Improvement Services office located at the Eastridge Recreation Center. Please consult your local vendor for appropriate color matching assistance. If you reside in a sub-association, please consult with your respective association for the approved stain color.
   3. Staining shall pertain to the staining of any homeowner’s fencing or part of a fence which faces or abuts a street, another front yard, a park, or school property. This includes wing fences which are between the front of homeowner homes.
   4. The one (1) stain color that the Architectural Committee has deemed to be most consistent with the TREX fence product utilized by the Metro District is "Highlands Ranch Fence Brown."
   5. Affected fences include both “open” (including split rail fences) and solid wood fences as described in the HRCA RIGs.
   6. Rear yard interior fences and/or rear yard fences between neighbors are not required to be stained.
   7. Open space fencing is not required to be stained.
   8. Oil-based stains that are pre-mixed require Committee approval prior to usage.
   9. The Architectural Committee has the authority to deny any stain color that is not "Highlands Ranch Fence Brown."

F. ALL NEW FENCE CONSTRUCTION REQUIRES COMMITTEE APPROVAL

Any replacement with new material requires Committee approval. Any improvement or replacement with "used" material requires Committee approval. Fencing submittals shall include:
1. Site plan with the location of the fencing clearly marked.
2. Style and height of fence and gate.
3. “Highlands Ranch Fence Brown” solid stain color. New fencing is not allowed to be left natural or unstained.
4. Oil-based stains that are pre-mixed require Committee approval prior to usage.

Alternative fence types and locations, which require approval include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. **“Front” Yard Fencing:** Committee approval is required. Fence shall be constructed in accordance with the two rail details as shown in Figures 3 or 4 (See pages 41 and 42).

2. **Interior Fencing in “Side” and “Rear” Yards:** Committee approval is required. Considerations will include, but may not be limited to:
   - Fence Type and Design
   - Material
   - Color
   - Size
   - Location

3. **Wrought Iron Fencing:** Committee approval is required. Highly ornamental wrought iron shall not be approved and the Committee must designate the color.

4. **Composite Fencing:** Committee approval is required. Considerations will include, but will not be limited to color, location, design and material. A known brand such as “Trex” or equivalent product as certified by the Composite Fence and Decking Association (a division of the American Fencing Association) is recommended. The color “Saddle” in the “Trex” line is acceptable. Other brands’ color selections must be close to the “Trex” brand color choice as determined by the Architectural Committee.

5. **Retaining Walls/Fencing:** Committee approval is required if the fence is to be located on top of a retaining wall or it will be within 18 inches of a retaining wall.

6. **Removal of Builder or Developer Installed Fencing:** Fencing which was installed by the Builder or Developer shall not be removed or modified without Committee approval.

F. **To Be Noted:** Fence sections which front or abut any public or private street, another front yard, common walkway, greenbelt, park, school or non-urban area must be constructed so that the side of the fence, which is generally accepted as being the most “finished” side fronts or abuts public or private streets, common walkways, etc. If fences are not yet constructed on adjacent properties, the location of future fences may determine that a “solid” fence was constructed with the “unfinished” or rough side out, homeowners shall then be required to “double face” or otherwise modify their fence so only the “finished” side of the fence fronts or abuts streets, adjacent front yards, common walkways, greenbelts, parks, school or other non-urban areas (see Figure 2 on page 40.) The most effective method of avoiding this situation is to construct the entire fence with the “finished” side out.

The Architectural Committee will require a transitional section of fencing (see Figure 2 on page 40), where applicable, for symmetry and aesthetics. No electric fences are permitted, and all wire installed on fences must comply with the wire specified in Figure 3.
Nothing may be attached to a fence to increase the height or screening capability, such as but not limited to, lattice, wire mesh, etc.

It is important to remember that certain drainage patterns may exist along, or under, proposed fence locations. When constructing a fence, be sure to provide for adequate space between the fence and the ground to accommodate these drainage patterns.

2.29 Firewood Storage. Committee approval is not required for storage of one-half cord or less. Must be located in the “side” or “rear” yard, must be neatly stacked and stored directly along the side of the home so as to not block established drainage patterns. All other wood must be stored in an approved enclosure or “screened” from view.

2.30 Flag Displays.

A. Flagpoles. Committee approval is required based on the following criteria:

1. Shall be a minimum of five feet from all property lines;
2. Must be mounted to the ground, not on a deck, patio, or retaining wall;
3. Must be silver or bronze in color and a residential style, not commercial grade;
4. May not exceed the roofline of the house;
5. May not be illuminated without prior Architectural Committee approval.

B. Service Flags. Committee approval is not required for service flags that meet the following criteria: a single Service Flag no larger than 18 inches by 32 inches that signifies the service of a homeowner or homeowner’s immediate family in the active or reserve military service of the United States during a time of war or armed conflict is permitted on the inside of a window or door large enough to accommodate the entire flag.

2.31 Garbage Containers and Storage. See Trash Containers, Enclosures and Pick-up, Section 2.84.

2.32 Gardens – Flower. Committee approval is not required unless flower bed(s) will be raised. See Retaining Walls Section 2.62. Plant material must be live, not plastic or silk. All flower gardens must be weeded and carefully maintained. See also Landscaping Section 2.41.

2.33 Gardens – Vegetable. Committee approval is required. Vegetable gardens must be located in the “rear” or “side” yard and must not impact drainage. Vegetable gardens shall not exceed 20% of the “rear” or “side” yard. Garden must be weeded and carefully maintained. Refer to Section 2.41 Landscaping and Section 2.62 Retaining Walls.

2.34 Gazebo and other Shade Structures. Committee approval is required. Considerations by the Architectural Committee will include, but may not be limited to, the following criteria:

A. Gazebos:

1. Materials shall be wood (composite material may be considered acceptable); other materials such as wrought iron will be considered.

2. Roofing shall match existing house roofing or be an open arbor style; fabric tops may be permitted. Committee approval is required based on the color being
complementary to the exterior of the residence and the structure being maintained at all times.

3. Setback shall be a minimum of five feet off all property lines.

4. Maximum height is 11’6” from grade and must not be installed on an elevated deck.

5. Should not unreasonably obstruct view of properties on open space (see View and Solar Obstructions, Section 2.87.)

6. Must be an integral part of the landscape scheme.

Seasonal gazebos for shade must be approved by the Committee and will be considered on a case by case basis. Seasonal gazebos must be removed and stored out of sight during the winter season.

B. Ramadas, exterior shades, trellises and other shade structures that are used for the purpose of reducing energy consumption must be submitted to the Committee for approval and will be considered on a case-by-case basis. Considerations will include, but are not limited to location and height, whether the structure is complementary to the exterior of the residence and how it fits into the home’s elevations. All installations of gazebos and other shade structures must comply with all applicable building codes and other governmental regulations, and must be secured so that they do not jeopardize the safety of residents or cause damage to adjacent properties.

2.35 **Grading and Grade Changes.** See Drainage, Section 2.25.

2.36 **Greenhouses.** Committee approval is required. Typical greenhouse materials for the sides and roof are permitted with Committee approval. Greenhouses are considered an accessory building. See Accessory Buildings/Accessory Use, Section 2.2.

2.37 **Hot Tubs.** Committee approval is required. Committee recommends that the unit be an integral part of the deck or patio area and/or the landscaping. Hot tubs must be installed in “side” or “rear” yard with appropriate screening so as not to be immediately visible to adjacent property owners. All hot tubs shall be a minimum of five feet off any property line.

2.38 **Inoperable Vehicles.** Inoperable vehicles (legally and/or mechanically) shall not be repaired, constructed or allowed to remain on any portion of the Annexed Property or on any private or public street in such a manner as to be visible from any other property. No vehicles shall be parked on landscaped areas (i.e. rock, sod, mulch, etc.). See IV. Definitions Section 4.1.

2.39 **Irrigation Systems.** Underground manual or automatic irrigation systems will not require approval of the Architectural Committee. See Irrigation, Section 3.10.

2.40 **Kennels.** Are not allowed for commercial purposes. See Dog Runs/Dog Houses, Section 2.23.
2.41 Landscaping.

A. Committee approval is not required in the following circumstances:

1. If you are replacing dead or dying landscape elements with the same type of landscape elements;

2. If you are creating a flower or garden bed in an area constituting no more than 20% of your front, rear or side yard which will not affect drainage;

B. Committee approval is required for landscaping when the plan includes:

1. Retaining walls or grade changes;

2. Hardscapes or paving, which may include, but not be limited to pavers, sidewalks, patios, rock beds, stone paths, etc;

3. Less than 50% sod in the “front” and/or “rear” yards (or “side” yards if they are wider than 15 feet);

4. If the lawn area will be seeded;

5. If the property adjoins open space (see View and Solar Obstructions, Section 2.87).

6. A xeriscaping plan.

C. Xeriscaping is defined as the application of the principles of landscape planning and design, soil analysis and improvement, appropriate plant selection, limitation of turf area, use of mulches, irrigation efficiency, and appropriate maintenance. Xeriscaping is recommended throughout Highlands Ranch to maximize water efficiency and water saving practices. Buffalo grass will be approved as part of a xeriscaping plan but not as a replacement for “front” yard turf. See Section III for Landscaping Suggestions.

D. Watering Restrictions: During times of drought emergency, when watering restrictions are imposed by Centennial Water and Sanitation limiting the amount of water that a homeowner may use, it is suggested that homeowners continue to irrigate as permitted by the watering restrictions to keep landscape alive. Once watering restrictions are lifted, homeowners shall be allowed a reasonable and practical opportunity, as defined by the Architectural Committee, with consideration of applicable local growing seasons or practical limitations, to reseed and revive turf grass before being required to replace it with new sod. For determination of the time period HRCA will allow for reseeding and revival of turf grass, homeowners should contact the Community Improvement Services staff to submit and obtain approval of the owner’s plan for the revival or replacement of damaged or dead turf grass.

Artificial/Synthetic Turf requires Committee approval and submitted plans will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis for limited use. Artificial/Synthetic turf must be integrated into the overall landscaping plan and must not exceed 50% of the area, must remain a minimum of 2’ off of all property lines, and must be an American Society of Testing Materials (ASTM) certified material. Approval will be based on, but not limited to, the appearance from neighboring properties, the placement of appropriate screening and vegetation, and the overall landscape plan. Artificial/Synthetic turf will not be approved for front yard use. A sample of the material and drainage plan is required with landscape plan.
E. Landscape Installation and Seeding: If lawn area will be seeded, please be aware that if the first attempt at seeding is not successful, you may be required to install sod in order to be in compliance with the installation requirement outlined below.

Landscaping of all yards shall be installed within ninety (90) days after Recordation of a deed of a Residential Site to an Owner, or within such longer period as may be approved in writing by the Architectural Committee. Landscape installation extensions should be requested in writing and may be approved by the Committee under certain circumstances. The Committee will consider the impact of the requested extension on neighboring property owners. The owner shall install and thereafter maintain landscaping on the Residential Site, including the area between the boundaries of the Residential Site and the pavement or curbing of the street, also known as the Street Border Area. Maintenance of landscaping shall include but not be limited to: adequate watering, removal/replacement of dead landscaping materials such as dead trees, removal of weeds, replenishment of mulch, rock, sod and/or ground cover, etc.

NOTE: The Metropolitan Districts perimeter fencing may not be removed or altered for the purpose of landscape material delivery, and open space areas are not to be accessed for such deliveries.

2.42 Latticework. Committee approval is required for any type of trellis or latticework. Considerations by the Committee in granting approval to install lattice will be:

A. Framing, structural and anchor components; with no exposed edges showing;
B. Location;
C. Height;
D. Color;
E. Material (i.e., plastic or wood).

Lattice may not be installed on or attached to a fence to increase the height or screening capability.

2.43 Lights and Lighting. Committee approval is required for new/replacement lights and lighting. Energy-efficient outdoor lighting devices, including without limitation a light fixture containing a coiled or straight fluorescent light bulb, and any solar recharging panel, motion detector, or other equipment connected to the lighting device, are permitted. Installation considerations shall include, but may not be limited to, the visibility, style, and location of the fixture so as not to negatively impact neighboring properties. Exterior lighting for security and/or other uses must be directed at the ground and house, whereby the light cone stays within the property boundaries and the light source does not cause glare to other properties. Bullet-type light fixtures are recommended with a maximum of a 40 watt equivalent compact fluorescent light (CFL) bulbs.

Holiday lighting and decorations do not require approval. It is recommended that they not be installed more than 30 days prior to the holiday. Holiday lighting and decorations must be removed within 30 days following the holiday.

2.44 Motorcycles. All motorcycles shall follow the same restrictions as operable vehicles. Motorcycles on trailers shall refer to Motor Vehicles/Recreational Vehicles, Section 2.46.

2.45 Motor Homes. See Motor Vehicles/Recreational Vehicles, Section 2.46.
2.46 **Motor Vehicles/Recreational Vehicles.** The SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION provides that no "recreational vehicles", "campers", campers on/off a vehicle, "boats", "mobile homes", "horse trailer", "tractors", "motor homes" or "trucks" (other than a pickup truck) may be stored in such a manner as to be visible from any other property for longer than 72 hours in a seven (7) day period, except as may be approved in writing by the Architectural Committee for reasons such as out of town guests with a recreational trailer. For the purposes of this guideline, all of the above referenced vehicle types shall be considered "recreational vehicles" or RVs. The application of this guideline shall not be limited to only those types of vehicles listed. The Architectural Committee shall review any other vehicle type not listed on a case-by-case basis. Such vehicles may be kept only within garages or enclosed structures approved by the Committee. Periodic movement of the vehicle for the purpose of circumventing this standard shall not qualify the vehicle for exception from this standard. The purpose of the 72 hours is to load and unload the RV, not to provide storage/parking for the unit. RVs must be stored/parked in the garage, off-site, or as otherwise approved in writing by the Architectural Committee.

No vehicles shall be parked on landscaped areas (i.e., rock, sod, mulch, plants, etc.).

See Inoperable Vehicles, Section 2.38.

2.47 **Ornaments.** Committee approval is not required if installed in “rear” yard and of a height less than three (3) feet. Small “front” yard ornaments less than 12 inches in height do not require approval, if ornament is at ground level, and color and design integrate into landscape. However, three or more require a landscape plan be submitted to the Committee for approval.

2.48 **Outdoor Fireplaces and Firepits/Chimineas.** Portable, commercially-available firepits/chimineas, located in the rear yard with a minimum of five (5) feet off any property line do not require Committee approval. Front and side yard applications do require approval by the Architectural Committee. Outdoor fireplaces are only allowed in the rear yard and considerations will include, but are not limited to material, design, size and proximity to neighboring properties. Outdoor fireplaces require Committee approval.

2.49 **Painting.** Committee approval is required for all exterior painting, even if painting the same color. This includes all exterior painted areas on the home, deck, patio, balcony, etc.

HRCA maintains a database which tracks the year in which a home or portion of the home, trim or accents are painted. This information is used to assist in the paint review process for Highlands Ranch. Paint condition is reviewed by evaluating street aesthetics and effects on the property values based on the condition of a home’s paint and curb appeal.

A. Paint review criteria can include, but is not limited to:

1. Peeling and chipping;
2. Fading;
3. Oil spotting;
4. Thinning and bleed through, which can include a previous paint color or the grain of the wood;
5. Erosion or splash back;
6. Bleaching;
7. Rotting, warping, or buckling of trim boards or siding;
8. Discoloration;

A paint submittal must contain the manufacturer’s paint chips or samples indicating a manufacturer’s color number (or name) and the respective location the homeowner would like to paint the color (i.e., Kwal / base – Knapweed CL2893M, trim – Star Thistle CL2891W, and accent – Vine Bloom CL2896N Front Door). Paint must be flat or low luster, (i.e., satin). Painting brick or stone requires Committee approval.

B. In order to harmonize and provide consistency, considerations to grant specific colors will include, but may not be limited to:

1. the home’s architecture;
2. the color and type of any stone or brick accents;
3. roof color;
4. the colors on homes in the surrounding neighborhood.

2.50 **Patio Covers/Pergolas.** Committee approval is required. See Section 2.21 Deck Cover.

2.51 **Patios.** Committee approval is required. Standard location is directly behind the home, side yard applications may be considered on a case-by-case basis. See Paving, Section 2.53.

2.52 **Patios – Enclosed.** Committee approval is required. See Additions and Alterations, Section 2.3.

2.53 **Paving.** Committee approval is required, for walks, driveways, patio areas or other purposes. Paving includes applications such as concrete, asphalt, brick, flagstones, stepping-stones, pre-cast patterned, stamping, overlays, or exposed aggregate concrete pavers. All paving shall be a minimum of two feet off all property lines.

2.54 **Pipes.** Exterior pipes, gutters, downspouts, conduits and equipment, such as radon pipes, must be approved. Adequate “screening” and/or painting to match house is required.

2.55 **Play and Sports Equipment and Trampolines.** Committee approval is required if equipment/trampoline is more than seven (7) feet in height, or has a footprint of more than 100 square feet. Play equipment may not be attached to a deck or main structure. Consideration should be given to adjacent properties, so as not to create an undue disturbance. The following must be taken into consideration - setback from property lines, with a two foot minimum, visual “screening”, and for lots adjacent to open space, see View and Solar Obstructions, Section 2.86. Other play equipment is to be stored out of view when not in use, particularly in the “front” yard. For playhouses, refer to Section 2.56.

2.56 **Playhouses.** Committee approval is required if it is more than 24 square feet and/or over six (6) feet high. See requirements in Section 2.2. Accessory Buildings/Accessory Use. Only one playhouse/accessory building per lot is permitted regardless of size.
2.57 **Poles.** Committee approval is required. See Basketball Backboards Section 2.9, Birdhouse and Birdfeeders Section 2.11, and Flag Displays Section 2.30.

2.58 **Ponds and Water Features.** Committee approval is required. Considerations by the Committee will include, but may not be limited to, the following criteria:

A. Must be integrated into landscape plan;
B. Setback shall be a minimum of five feet off all property lines;
C. Must not affect existing drainage;
D. Must be maintained at all times.

2.59 **Pools.** Committee approval is required. Above ground pools are not permitted. All pool submittals must include the following information:

1. Denote placement of pool with dimensions on a site plan.
2. Grading plan noting all alterations to grade.
3. If a retaining wall is required, include all materials and dimensions.
4. Materials such as concrete, cover, liner, etc.
5. Location of pool equipment and an appropriate screening plan.
6. Fencing around pool noting any existing fencing.

Considerations by the Committee will include, but may not be limited to, the following criteria:

A. Set back shall be a minimum of five (5) feet of all property lines with decking a minimum of two (2) feet from all property lines;
B. Pool equipment to be screened from view of adjacent properties;
C. Noise abatement for pumps when running.

One (1) wading pool, if less than 18 inches high and eight (8) feet in diameter, per property, is permitted on a temporary basis without prior approval, if placed in the “rear” yard. Maintenance of pools is considered a property maintenance issue. Pool and hot tub covers must be specifically designed for use of the pool it is intended to cover and secured properly and maintained at all times. See Hot Tubs, Section 2.37.

2.60 **Radio Antennas.** See Antennas/Satellite Dishes, Section 2.6.

2.61 **Railings.** Committee approval is required. Types include but are not limited to porches, decks, ramps, etc.

2.62 **Retaining Walls.** Committee approval is required. Committee considerations for retaining walls will include:

A. Shall not prohibit reasonable fencing of property lines;
B. Must be a minimum of two feet off all property lines;
C. Shall not impact drainage.
Builder or Developer installed retaining walls shall not be removed or altered without prior Committee approval. See Section III Landscaping Suggestions, Section 3.5 Retaining Walls.

2.63 **Roofs (Replacement)**. Roof replacement requires Committee approval. A sample illustrating color, style and material may be required as part of the submittal if your choice of color and material is not already on file in the Architectural office.

Roofs may be replaced with the same "Level" material, or upgraded to a higher "Level" as defined below.

**Level 1** -Standard Composition Roofing: This conventional asphalt or fiberglass roofing material includes Three Tab, T-Lock, and a Laminated 2-ply (5 tab) Shingle. It may be replaced with the same standard composition, or one (1) of the following upgrades, with Architectural Committee approval.

**Level 2** -Wood Shingles and Shakes: These shingles appear in various levels of finish, from relatively smooth finished to the rougher finished hand-split shake. When many of the early neighborhoods were developed, shake roofing was widely used. Please contact Douglas County Building Department, 303.660.7497, for current standards, which may require that cedar shakes meet the minimum standard of Class C Roofing. This means the shingles must be treated with fire retardant at the factory, prior to installation. This has increased the cost of shake roofing, and many insurance companies are now charging a premium for shake roofs. Cedar shakes can be replaced with Class C shake roofing, Premium Composition Roofing, or a Level 3 roofing material, after approval.

Premium Composition Roofing: These products have a heavily textured or dimensional appearance. These shingles are an acceptable replacement for homes with wood shingles and shakes. These roofs can be replaced with the same material, Class C shake roofing, or tile, after approval.

Examples of these roof shingles are as follows:

- Atlas Pinnacle Pristine
- CertainTeed Presidential
- CertainTeed Presidential TL
- CertainTeed Presidential IR
- CertainTeed Grand Manor
- CertainTeed Landmark TL
- GAF Grand Sequoia
- GAF Grand Sequoia IR
- GAF Grand Canyon
- GAF Camelot
- Owens Corning Woodmoor
- Owens Corning Woodcrest
- Tamko Heritage Vintage
- Tamko Heritage Premium
- IKO ArmorShake
- Malarkey Windsor
- Malarkey Legacy
- Malarkey Northwest XL
- Malarkey Highlander

**Level 3** -Tile Roofing: These types of roofs are commonly constructed of clay tiles, concrete tiles or a composite of concrete and fiber. Tile roofing varies from manufacturer to manufacturer, affecting the dead load of the roof structure. You are advised to consult a structural engineer before installing tile roofing. Stone coated steel roofing is also acceptable with Committee approval.

Houses in some neighborhoods were constructed with Woodruff roofing. This material is no longer available. Woodruff must be replaced with a Level 2 or Level 3 roof, upon approval.

New roofing products are consistently being developed and put on the market. Systems that will not be approved include metal roofs on the entire house or rolled roofing. Partial metal roofing may be approved for limited applications with Committee approval for items such as trim/accen...
areas, tops of towers/turrets, patio/deck covers, gazebos, etc. Considerations for approving changes to existing roof materials, style, and color will include, and may not be limited to, builder themes and neighborhood aesthetics. Certain sub-associations may have more restrictive covenants that require a separate submittal and is subject to their process.

2.64 **Rooftop Mounted Applications and Devices.** (Examples include skylights, vents, attic fans, and lightning rods). Committee approval is required. Rooftop equipment must be submitted for Committee approval and if approved must be painted a color similar to or generally accepted as complementary to the exterior of the house. All rooftop equipment shall be installed so as to minimize its visibility to, and noise impact on the neighboring residences. For more information regarding solar energy devices see Section 2.74 Solar Energy Devices.

All rooftop mounted applications and devices must comply with all applicable building codes and other governmental regulations, and must be secured so that they do not jeopardize the safety of residents or cause damage to adjacent properties.

2.65 **Satellite Dishes.** See Antennas/Satellite Dishes, Section 2.6.

2.66 **Saunas.** Committee approval is required. If a structure is more than 24 square feet and/or over six (6) feet high, it shall be considered an accessory building. See Accessory Buildings, Section 2.2.

2.67 **Screen Doors.** See Door Replacement and Additions, Section 2.24.

2.68 **Security/Surveillance Cameras.** Committee approval is required. Exterior lighting for security purposes see Section 2.43 Lights and Lighting.

2.69 **Sewage Disposal System.** No cesspool, septic tank or other sewage disposal system shall be installed within the Community Association area without the prior written consent of the Architectural Committee, except a central sewage disposal system installed and maintained by a water and sanitation district or other sanitation agency providing sewage disposal services to a significant portion of the Community Association Area. Any sewage disposal system installed for property within the Community Association Areas shall be subject to applicable laws, rules, and regulations of any governmental authority having jurisdiction. See Section 9.14 of the Community Declaration.

2.70 **Shutters.** All exterior fixed, operable, or motorized rolling shutters require Committee approval. Considerations by the Committee will include, but may not be limited to, the following criteria:

A. Each window must have its own shutter; one shutter may not be used to cover multiple windows.

B. Materials: Slats should be no larger the 40mm, 2” aluminum (PVC is not allowed). Housing units should be no larger than 10” square and mounted in the soffit whenever possible.

C. Colors must match the existing house. Housing units on stucco or brick veneer must match exterior finish color. Samples of curtain color shall be submitted for Architectural Committee approval.
D. Housing, track (or cable) and mechanism must be concealed behind trim to blend with the home. Window, trim style and shape must be maintained. Details must be submitted with the application.

E. Homeowners wishing to install shutters on any primary or secondary egress window or door that is required for egress shall check with authorities for compliance with all applicable building and fire codes.

Committee approval is not required for replacement of exterior decorative fixed shutters if you are replacing with same style and color.

2.71 Siding. Committee approval is required. Submittal should include a sample of material and color. Architectural Committee consideration will be given to consistency in each neighborhood and the style of the home. Garage door will be required to be painted to match new siding or trim in color.

2.72 Signs and/or Advertising Devices.

A. For Sale or Lease: One (1) temporary sign advertising the property for sale or lease, which is ground mounted, no more than four (4) feet high, and no more than two (2) feet by three (3) feet in dimension, and which is conservative in color and style, may be installed on the property without Architectural Committee approval. No handwritten signs are allowed. Signs shall not be illuminated and shall not be attached to any structure, (i.e., deck, fencing, etc.). See Section 9.9 of the Community Declaration, Restrictions on Signs and Advertising Devices.

B. Temporary Trade Signs: A temporary trade sign pertaining to, but not limited to, contractors, landscapers, painters and roofers, may only be displayed while work is in progress, or not to exceed thirty (30) days, whichever is less. This signage must meet the specifications set forth in paragraph 2.72 (A) above.

C. Political Signs: Political signs may be displayed on a homeowner’s property or in a window no earlier than 45 days before and no later than seven days after an election day. The maximum size of political signs is 36 inches by 48 inches. Signs may be displayed in the front or side yard or in a window, which is visible from the street. The number of signs is limited to one sign per political office or ballot issue that is contested in the pending election.

D. “No Trespassing” signs: Are allowed if posted on a fence or on a gate and are no larger than 4” high by 8” long. No more than 2 per yard

E. Beware of Dog/Dog Warning Signs: Are allowed if posted on a fence or gate and are no larger than 4” high by 8” long. No more than 2 per yard.

F. Security Notification Signs: Are allowed if placed in the front of the residence. No more than 2 per yard.

No other signage shall be permitted without Committee approval.

2.73 Skylights. Committee approval is not required if each unit is three (3) feet by five (5) feet or smaller, and if there will be three (3) or less per single roof slope.
Solar Energy Devices. Committee approval is required. While the Association encourages the use of energy devices that are based on renewable resources, it must balance that use with its responsibility to improve and enhance the attractiveness, desirability and safety of the community. Therefore, consistent with Colorado Revised Statute § 38-30-168, and the terms and conditions of the Declaration, Committee approval is required for all roof-mounted devices, including solar devices, and the following standards shall apply with respect to the installation, maintenance, and use of roof-mounted devices and solar devices. For purposes of this Section 2.74, "solar device" shall mean a solar energy device as defined in Colorado Revised Statute § 38-32.5-100.3(2).

A. Location; Installation. In connection with obtaining the Committee's approval of any roof-mounted device or solar device, the Owner shall provide the Committee with the following information: (i) the location that the device is to be installed on the property/structure, (ii) the type of device to be installed, (iii) the dimensions of the device, (iv) the proposed color of device, and (v) a pictorial/brochure of the device (if available). Following the Owner's submission of the required information, the Committee will either approve or deny the specific location for the installation of the device as requested by the Owner, or, if feasible, determine an alternate location, based on the following criteria:

1. To the maximum extent possible, a roof-mounted device or solar device shall be installed so as to minimize its exposure when viewed from any other Privately Owned Site, Common Area, Community Association Properties, street, or from the surrounding community unless to do so will have the effect of substantially interfering with the use of the device or significantly increasing the cost of the device.

2. The preferred location of the device shall be on the back roof of the residence and below the peak of the roof. Alternatively, the device may be pole-mounted in the rear area of a private yard below the fence-line and, to the maximum extent possible, shall be screened from the view of others by landscaping materials.

3. All devices shall be installed flush with the roof unless to do so will have the effect of prohibiting the collection of solar energy.

4. The total number of solar panels and other apparatus installed shall not cover more than 75% of any given roof section, unless to do so will have the effect of prohibiting the collection of solar energy.

The Committee will review other suggested locations/installations if the above are not feasible; provided, however, the Committee may require the applicant to provide the Committee with a written statement by a solar energy expert that the restrictions imposed by the Committee will have the effect of (i) substantially interfering with the collection of solar energy, and/or (ii) significantly increasing the cost of the device. In that case, the Committee will permit variances to these requirements to the minimum amount as is reasonably required to allow the device to function properly and to minimize any increase in the cost of the device to the Owner.

All installations must comply with all applicable building codes and other governmental regulations, and must be secured so that they do not jeopardize the safety of residents or cause damage to adjacent properties.

B. Aesthetics. The Association encourages the Owner to select equipment that is aesthetically acceptable in the community and integrates with the residence and surrounding landscape to the maximum extent possible, keeping in mind the design and roofline of the residence on which the device is to be installed. The Committee must approve the color of the device and exposed pipes, panels and other apparatus. The device shall have flashing colored or painted to closely match the adjacent roof color. Poles shall be painted a matte color to blend
with surrounding landscape. All glazing shall be solar bronze or black with no white or clear glazing allowed.

C. **Removal.** Equipment removal requires restoration of the installation location to its original condition. Owners shall be responsible for all costs relating to restoration.

D. **Effect of Approval.** Committee approval in no way should be construed as a representation, guarantee, or warranty, etc. by the Architectural Committee or Highlands Ranch Community Association, Inc. that collection of solar energy shall be adequate for the Owner's needs or that roof-mounted or solar devices will remain undisturbed by vegetation or improvements located on surrounding properties.

2.75 **Solar Shades.** All exterior operable or motorized solar shades require Architectural Committee approval. Considerations by the Architectural Committee will include, but may not be limited to, the following criteria:

A. Shades must allow visible light transmittance, solid shades are not permitted. Shade colors must be submitted and are subject to review for compatibility with the home’s base and trim colors.

B. Housing, track (or cable) and mechanism must be concealed behind trim to blend with the home. Window, trim style and shape must be maintained. Details must be submitted with application.

C. Fixed solar shades and operable or motorized solar shades cannot be installed on the same elevation.

2.76 **Sport Courts.** Committee approval is required. Considerations will be subject to, but are not be limited to the following criteria:

A. Sports courts on interior lots which back to or adjoin another residential property will not be approved unless the total "rear" yard area is 5,000 square feet or more and the sport court takes up no more than 20% of the total "rear" yard area.

B. No more than three colors will be approved; colors must be submitted and approved by the Committee prior to construction.

C. There shall be a minimum of seven (7) feet from all property lines to edge of court.

D. Proximity to neighbor’s indoor living area will be a primary consideration.

E. A landscape plan showing entire rear yard including proposed placement of the sports court with dimensions to property lines, screening of court from adjacent lots and open space, and the location and size of all other elements within the yard, i.e. decks, patios, firepits, sheds, play structures etc.

F. A maximum of one goal per lot is allowed.

G. Sport courts shall not be illuminated in such a way that will interfere with neighboring properties and are subject to Committee approval.

H. A “rear” yard or “side” yard installation of sports equipment, e.g. portable basketball goal, will be considered a sport court and is subject to the sport court considerations above.

2.77 **Sprinkler Systems.** Committee approval is not required. See Section III Landscaping Suggestions, Irrigation, Section 3.10.

2.78 **Statues.** See Ornaments, Section 2.47.
2.79 **Storage Sheds.** See Accessory Buildings, Section 2.2.

2.80 **Swamp Coolers.** See Air Conditioning Equipment, Section 2.5, and Evaporative Coolers, Section 2.27.

2.81 **Swing Sets.** See Play and Sports Equipment and Trampolines, Section 2.55.

2.82 **Temporary Structures.** Committee approval is required. Section 9.7 of the Community Declaration prohibits tents, shacks, temporary structures or temporary buildings without the prior consent of the Architectural Committee, and except in unusual circumstances, such consent will not be given. Camping tents for occasional overnight sleeping by children do not require Committee approval if left up for no longer than a total of 72 hours in any seven (7) day period.

2.83 **Trailers.** See Motor Vehicles/Recreational Vehicles, Section 2.46 and Commercial Vehicles/Trailers, Section 2.18.

2.84 **Trash Containers, Enclosures, and Pick Up.** Committee approval is required for trash enclosures. Considerations will include, but not be limited to, location in “rear” or “side” yard, and abutting the house, proximity to neighbors’ windows and outdoor living areas, visibility from the street with adequate visual “screening”, and odor control. Trash enclosures shall comply with Fencing Guidelines for solid fencing, see Section 2.28 Fences.

Section 9.6 of the Community Declaration provides that refuse, garbage, trash, lumber, grass, shrub or tree clippings, plant waste, compost, metal, bulk materials, scrap, refuse or debris of any kind may not be kept, stored or permitted to accumulate on any lot except within an enclosed structure or appropriately screened from view.

As provided in Section 5.28 of the Community Declaration, the Board designated day for trash pickup is segregated into (5) five geographic pick up zones. 1- Monday, 2- Tuesday, 3- Wednesday, 4- Thursday, 5- Friday. (Zone Boundaries are available online at hrcaonline.org or available for pickup at any Recreation Center.) Trash and/or recycling containers should not be placed on the street earlier than 7:00 p.m. the evening prior to the scheduled pickup.

All trash and recycling containers placed at the curb for pickup shall be secured with a tightly closed lid, and trash bags placed at the curb for pickup shall be closed and tied. Loose items must be placed in a container with a lid or in a closed bag to prevent debris and trash from being blown throughout the neighborhood. Please refer to your individual trash service provider for any other requirements that may contain more restrictive requirements.

After pickup, trash containers must then be properly stored (appropriately “screened” from view of the street either behind a wing fence or in your garage) the same day as pickup.

2.85 **Tree houses.** Shall not be permitted. See Section 2.56 Playhouses.

2.86 **Trucks.** See Commercial Vehicles/Trailers, Section 2.18, and Motor Vehicles/Recreational Vehicles, Sections 2.46.

2.87 **View and Solar Obstructions.** Lots adjoining open space have “view” rights. Property owners should review the provisions contained in the Community Declaration, any Supplemental Declaration and these Residential Improvement Guidelines and Site Restrictions when making landscape plans. Most Supplemental Declarations state that no vegetation or other improvements shall be planted, constructed, or located of a height as to unreasonably obstruct “the view” from any other lot in the vicinity, or so as to unreasonably obstruct the operation of any previously existing solar energy installation.

The Highlands Ranch Community Association, Inc., and the Architectural Committee consider a protected “view”, if applicable, to be established from the outdoor primary living area installed at
the time of initial construction of the home; provided, however, that the Highlands Ranch Community Association, Inc. and the Architectural Committee do not consider a protected “view” to be impaired in any way by future residential or commercial development constructed on property which is visible from any Privately Owned Site, if and when developed in accordance with zoning and permitted usage. Any and all “views” are subject to the Declarant’s Rights as more fully documented in the Governing Documents of Highlands Ranch (please consult your Contiguous Area Report).

Vegetation (at maturity) or improvements greater than six (6) feet in height located in the back half (1/2) of the backyard of lots adjacent to open space may be unreasonable because these locations may obstruct views from the adjoining property. Any vegetation or improvement located in the back half (1/2) of the backyard on lots adjacent to open space must meet the above criteria and receive the approval of the Architectural Committee. See Landscaping, Section 2.41.

**NOTE:** Lots adjoining parks, golf courses, parkways, greenbelts, school grounds, etc., are not considered to be open space lots. Open space lots are those located on tracts of land that are to be left natural by the Highlands Ranch Metropolitan Districts.

Some homeowners may potentially have other view rights listed in the Community Declarations or Supplemental Declarations that are not covered by the Community Association’s definition of protected views. Disputes arising from these issues have no internal remedy and must be handled in separate civil actions.

2.88 **Vents.** Committee approval is required. For rooftop vents see Rooftop Mounted Applications and Devices, Section 2.64.

2.89 **Water Systems.** Committee approval is not required if the water system is completely contained within the dwelling unit and causes no architectural change to the exterior of the dwelling unit. Section 9.15 of the Community Declaration prohibits individual exterior water supply or water softener systems except as approved by the Committee and except if designed, located, constructed and equipped in accordance with requirements, standards and recommendations of any applicable water and sanitation district or other governmental authorities having jurisdiction.

2.90 **Wells.** Not permitted. Section 9.10 of the Community Declaration prohibits the use of the property for the purpose of mining, quarrying, drilling, boring, exploring for or removing oil, gas or other hydrocarbons, minerals, rocks, stones, gravel or earth (except drilling for underground water by Shea Homes or an entity designated by Shea Homes to provide water service to Highlands Ranch).

2.91 **Windows, Replacement.** Committee approval is required. Considerations will include, but may not be limited to, size, color, window style and style of home. Replacement windows must match any existing windows to remain in exterior color and each elevation must be consistent either with or without grids.

**Note:** Committee approval is required for ornamental and stained glass windows.

2.92 **Windows: Tinting, Security Bars, etc.** Committee approval is required. All applications must have an approved “Energy Star” rating. Window grids and/or tinting must be applied to all windows on the same elevation (side of home).

**Note:** Highly reflective or mirrored and/or dark tinting is considered too commercial for residential applications and is not allowed. Security bars will not be approved on second story windows and other windows visible from the street.
2.93 **Wind Turbines, Wind-Electric Generators, Directional, and any other Wind Driven Devices.** Committee approval is required. If complaints are received due to the noise caused by wind chimes, homeowner will be required to remove per Section 9.3 Annoying Sounds or Odors, in the Community Declaration.

All installations of wind turbines, directional and other wind driven devices must comply with all applicable building and zoning codes and other governmental regulations, and must be secured so that they do not jeopardize the safety of residents or cause damage to adjacent properties.

2.94 **Wood Storage.** See Firewood Storage, Section 2.29.

2.95 **Xeriscaping.** Committee approval is required. Using drought tolerant plantings and other water conservation methods of landscaping is encouraged. A landscape that contains less than 50% sod in the “front” and/or “rear” yards, or “side” yards wider than 15 feet, shall be considered xeriscaping. Large expanses of rock and/or mulch are not considered xeriscaping. Please check with the Community Improvement Services staff for additional information and resources. See Landscaping, Section 2.41 and Rockscapes, Section 3.9.
III. **LANDSCAPING SUGGESTIONS**

3.1 **General.** The purpose of this section of the guidelines is to assist you in preparing an appropriate landscaping plan for your property. Careful landscape planning and design of your site will greatly enhance the ultimate appearance of the Community. The information set forth in this section is suggestive only, and not mandatory.

3.2 **Slopes.** In some cases, there may be relatively steep slopes on an owner’s property. It is important to note that if slopes are left without landscaping, severe erosion and silting may occur. As a result, it is recommended that the homeowner landscape the slope, as soon as possible after moving in. Slopes and banks should be planted with drought tolerant plants. Terracing or surfacing with stone or other free draining materials can lessen erosion of slopes. Loose aggregate or wood chips are not recommended on slopes unless measures are taken to prevent erosion and displacement by wind and/or water. Slopes can also be seeded/planted with groundcovers, shrubs, and bushes to prevent erosion. Rock gardens are another technique to help prevent slope erosion and create a landscape amenity. Slopes given proper design treatment can become an attractive, interesting part of the landscape.

3.3 **Drainage/Grading.** Soils in this area of Colorado may consist in part of a soil material commonly known as “expansive soils.” The prime characteristic of this material is that it swells when introduced to water. It, in essence, acts as a sponge. When this expansion takes place, extreme pressures are exerted on foundations and other man-made structures, which are placed in the ground, the results of which can cause severe structural problems to your home. Your home’s foundation and lot have been designed and engineered according to the latest state-of-the-art procedure for minimizing these problems. A potential hazard exists when proper drainage is not maintained and/or when these “expansive soils” adjacent to your foundation are subjected to excessive amounts of water.

Residents should investigate the existing drainage conditions and preserve and accommodate the drainage situation that exists on their particular site at the time they purchased their home from the Developer. See guidelines under “Drainage” in the listing of specific types of improvements. Minor drainage modifications may be made to your lot providing you do not alter the engineered drainage pattern of the lot existing at the time the lot was conveyed to you from the Builder or the previous homeowner. Grading can be used to create berms, slopes, and swales that can define space, screen undesirable views, noise, and high winds. Grassed slopes of berms are suggested to not exceed three (3) feet of horizontal distance to one (1) foot of rise or vertical height (3 to 1 slope) in order to permit greater ease of mowing and general maintenance.

3.4 **Soil Preparations.** Soil conditions may vary throughout the Ranch. Individual soils testing is suggested for each lot to determine the exact nature of the soil and the desired level of amendment needed such as mulch, sand and fertilizer to optimize plant growth. Soil preparation is very important due to our soil and climate. Local nurseries may offer assistance in determining the proper quantity and type of soil amendment. After the soil has been amended, make sure that the existing drainage pattern is re-established on your lot. It is suggested that a minimum of three (3) yards per 1,000 square feet of organic material be tilled in six (6) to eight (8) inches.

3.5 **Retaining Walls.** Retaining walls may be used to accommodate or create abrupt changes in grade. Such walls should be properly anchored to withstand overturning forces. Stone walls should be made thicker at the bottom than at the top to achieve stability. To avoid destructive freeze-thaw action, all retaining walls should incorporate weep holes into wall design to permit water trapped behind them to be released. Timbers for walls or other landscape should be treated to resist decay. Walls should not be located so as to alter the existing drainage patterns, and should provide for adequate drainage over or through (by means of weep holes) the wall structure.
3.6 **Climate and Soils.** Typical climatic conditions of this area include low precipitation, low average humidity, variable winds, and a fairly wide temperature range.

3.7 **View and Solar Obstructions.** (See View and Solar Obstructions, Section 2.86).

3.8 **Screening Views and Directing Winds.** Plant materials can frame pleasant vistas such as views of the mountains. Less desirable views of adjacent land (e.g. highways) can be screened with dense coniferous plantings, earth mounds, fences, or walls. High velocity winds can be effectively directed by dense planting. Care should be taken to respect and preserve views of adjacent lots, however, "view rights" are only applicable to lots adjacent to open space, see Section 2.86.

3.9 **Rockscapes.** Boulders and cobbles present an attractive alternative landscape element if used appropriately within the overall landscape composition. Large expanses or over 25% of any yard area, front and/or back, of this type material are not permitted. Check with the Architectural Committee.

3.10 **Irrigation.** Information may be obtained from the Highlands Ranch Metropolitan District, 303-791-0430 or visit their web site at www.highlandsranch.org. It is recommended that watering be done during the morning or evening hours. One of the most common tendencies is to over-saturate your lot. We urge each homeowner to conserve water and as a result minimize problems on their own lots and on adjacent property owners’ lots caused by over-watering. This can be accomplished by watering in shorter cycles more often during the day.

Several methods can be used to water your lawn: manual and automatic sprinkler systems and portable sprinklers. The following are some facts to consider in selecting the type and location of the sprinkler system:

A. size and shape of areas to be watered;
B. type of turf or ground cover;
C. available water supply and pressure;
D. environment of the area – wind rain, temperature, exposure and grades;
E. low spraying irrigation devices may help to minimize wasted water due to wind;
F. installation of an irrigation system directly adjacent to front sidewalks may eventually cause deterioration to concrete and paved areas;
G. type of soil and its ability to accept water (local nurseries or do-it-yourself sprinkler stores have detailed information concerning the type and installation of irrigation systems);
H. drip irrigation systems are recommended for tree and shrub areas.

3.11 **Paved Areas.** Paving may be used to define areas of intense activity and circulation patterns, such as patios, walks and steps. Materials that can be used to create attractive patterns and textures are brick, flagstone, stepping-stone, and pre-cast patterned or exposed aggregate concrete pavers. These materials are often more desirable than asphalt or poured concrete. It is suggested that paving materials be earth tone colors. Sufficient slope should be maintained in all paved areas to insure proper drainage.

3.12 **Shade.** Shade trees should be sized and planted so as to maximize the shade to the home and activity areas. Avoid shading a solar collector, or inhibiting the effectiveness of passive solar design measures. For example, broad-leaved deciduous trees screen out the intense summer
sun, but allow winter warmth to penetrate. Trees and shrubs in general should not be planted within existing drainage swales so as to block designated drainage patterns.

Tree trimming – As between homeowners, the homeowner of the lot upon which trees and other plants are planted may be liable for all damage to neighboring property in connection with such trees and plants, including damages from trimming and removal. Planting trees and other plants a sufficient and appropriate distance from your property line can reduce these risks.

3.13 **Landscape Materials.** Deciduous trees such as Marshall Seedless Ash and evergreen trees such as Pinon pines provide summer shade. Evergreens provide good backdrops for displaying ornamental trees and contrasting flowers, as well as providing a visual screen.

**Shrubs** such as Junipers may be used individually or planted in groups. Shrubs can also be used in combination with trees as windbreaks or to add color and texture to the landscape. Low growing, spreading shrubs may be used as groundcover treatment and present an attractive method of reducing water consumption.

**Ornamental trees** such as Flowering Crabapples provide accent, color, and visual interest to the residential landscape and may be a more appropriate scale for small areas.

**Groundcovers** such as Creeping Mahonia play an important role in consolidating the surface of fine-grained soils to prevent erosion and sedimentation. They may be useful as an alternative to a traditional blue grass lawn, especially on steep banks where they will also require less water than turf grass.

**Vines** may be used as a groundcover, a shading element over a trellis, or a screen when planted adjacent to a fence.

**Garden flowers** may be used as elements of seasonal color. Perennials and annuals should be considered. Vegetable gardens may be integrated with planting beds and used ornamentally.

3.14 **Mulches.** Mulches modify the extremes of soil temperature and improve soil by producing humus, and reducing evaporation loss. Suggested minimum depth for mulches is three (3) inches. Mulches are typically used in shrubs and groundcover beds and consist of a variety of organic materials such as ground bark, wood chips, pole peelings or chipper chips. Suitable crushed aggregate of dark, earth-toned colors may be used as an alternative mulch material. Large expanses or over 25% of any yard area, front and/or back, of this type of material are not permitted.

3.15 **Landscaping Maintenance.** Good, consistent maintenance is essential for healthy plant materials. The following are some suggested maintenance considerations and ways of minimizing maintenance problems:

A. plant with regard to Highlands Ranch’s climate;

B. consider ultimate size, shape and growth rate of species;

C. locate plants and irrigation heads out of the way of pedestrian/bicycle traffic and car bumpers;

D. provide simple guying systems for trees for a minimum of two (2) years and wrap trees most susceptible to sun scald with burlap or paper during fall and winter months;

E. make provisions for efficient irrigation; drain and service sprinkler systems on a regular basis and conduct operational checks on a weekly basis to insure proper performance of the system;

F. provide good soil mixes with sufficient organic material – 30% per tilled depth is desirable;
G. use wood mulch at least three (3) inches deep to hold soil moisture and to help prevent weeds and soil compaction (rock raises the temperature in beds);

H. provide required fertilization, weed and pest controls, etc. as required for optimum plant growth;

I. prune woody plants when needed; never prune more than 1/3 of foliage;

J. space groves of trees or single trees to allow for efficient mowing;

K. locate plants with similar water, sun, and space requirements together.

3.16 **Suggested Plant List.** For your convenience, the following list of shrubs, trees, flowers, and grasses is provided:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Large Deciduous Trees</th>
<th>Small Deciduous Trees</th>
<th>Evergreen Trees</th>
<th>Evergreen Shrubs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>American Linden</td>
<td>Crabapple Species</td>
<td>Colorado Spruce</td>
<td>Junipers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bur Oak</td>
<td>Newport Plum</td>
<td>Pinon Pine</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marshall Seedless Ash</td>
<td>Golden Raintree</td>
<td>Rocky Mt. Juniper</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thornless Honeylocust</td>
<td>Scrub or Gamble Oak</td>
<td>Austrian Pine</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Maple</td>
<td>European Mountain Ash</td>
<td>Ponderosa Pine</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hackberry</td>
<td>Hawthorn Species</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chokecherry</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.16 (Due to their problematic growth habits, the following trees are not recommended: Aspen, Russian Olive, Willow varieties, Cottonwood, etc.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Deciduous Shrubs</th>
<th>Groundcover &amp; Vines</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amur Honeysuckle</td>
<td>Creeping Mahonia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bluestem Willow</td>
<td>Native Clematis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bush Ciquefoil</td>
<td>Perwinkle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinese Lilac</td>
<td>Sedum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mountain Mahogany</td>
<td>Snow-in-Summer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oregon Holly Grape</td>
<td>Germander</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red-Osier Dogwood</td>
<td>Strawberries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wooly Yarrow</td>
<td>Euonymus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Virginia Creeper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dryas</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.17 **Recommended Grasses:**

A. **High maintenance areas:** Will require permanent irrigation and regular mowing:
   - Merion Kentucky Bluegrass (fine blade, more water)
   - Alta Tall Fescue Grass and Smooth Bromegrass (coarse blade, less water)

B. **Low maintenance:** Will require temporary irrigation, mowing is not recommended because it would prohibit the grasses from naturally reseeding and the forbes from flowering, which could promote weed infestation:
   - Alta Tall Fescue Grass and Smooth Bromegrass
   - Forbes: Primose, Indian Paintbrush, Prairie Cornflower, Rocky Mountain Penstemmon
   - Buffalo Grass (requires little water, will brown with no water, and is not allowed in front yard)
IV. DEFINITIONS AND ATTACHMENTS.

4.1 Definitions.

Accessory building or shed: An incidental building used primarily for storage.

Boat: A boat is a structure designed for navigation on the water and is propelled by oars, paddles, sails or active power, and includes any object commonly understood to be a boat.

Camper Coach: An item of mounted equipment which when temporarily or permanently mounted on a motor vehicle adapts such vehicle for use as temporary living or sleeping accommodations.

Camping Trailer: A vehicular portable unit mounted on wheels, which is towed behind another vehicle and provides temporary living quarters for recreational, camping and travel use.

Commercial Vehicle: is defined as, but not limited to, a vehicle that has a business, name or logo on it, and/or has equipment racks or equipment attached. Trailers used to carry equipment or tools are considered commercial vehicles. The following vehicles are considered commercial vehicles and are prohibited: box trucks, enclosed trailers, flatbed trucks, limousines, hearses, shuttle buses, converted school buses, semi cabs and trailers.

Concealed: Requires that 80% of the area or object be hidden from the view of the adjacent properties, street, parks, and open spaces.

Dog Kennel: A structure where animals are individualized for purposes of boarding, breeding, or training or any type of commercial venture.

Dog Run: A contained space that is intended to allow one (1) or more animals free movement in the outdoors.

Elevation Drawing: A drawing that includes separate views of each exterior side of a building.

Legally Inoperable: A vehicle, which does not have a visible current valid license plate.

Mechanically Inoperable: A vehicle, which is not road-ready (flat tires, stored on blocks, missing windshield, headlights etc.).

Mobile Home: A mobile home is any type of trailer or vehicle body, regardless of any appurtenances, additions, or other modifications thereto, without independent active power, manufactured upon an integral chassis or under carriage and designed either for travel over the highways or for housing accommodations or both.

Motor Home: A vehicular unit, built on a self-propelled motor vehicle chassis, primarily designed to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use.

Open Space: Land that is non-irrigated natural areas that may contain a variety of easements. Parks, greenbelts, streetscape, etc. are not open space.

Ornament: A decoration that lends interest to the house and/or yard.

Paving: The use of asphalt, brick, flagstones, stepping stones, and pre-cast patterned or exposed aggregate concrete pavers for walks, driveways, patio areas or other purposes.

Pickup Truck: A truck with a cab and standard truck bed. “Flat bed” or “stake bed” trucks shall be considered commercial vehicles.
Recreation Vehicle: For the purposes of these guidelines, RVs include “recreational vehicles”, “campers”, campers on/off a vehicle, “boats”, “mobile homes”, “horse trailer”, “tractors”, “motor homes” or “trucks”. A recreational vehicle is a vehicle-type unit often designed as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use, and either has its own active power or is mounted on or drawn by another vehicle. Also included are vehicles used specifically for recreation, such as boats, jet skis, snowmobiles, etc.

Screened: Requires that 50% of the area or object be hidden from the view of the adjacent properties, streets, parks, and open space.

Sheen: Sheen is the degree of luster of a dried paint film. The Architectural Committee will approve paint with an angular sheen of 0-25 degrees for base and trim in approved colors.

Site Plan: A drawing showing to-scale the size and location of all new construction and all existing structures on a site, distances from lot lines, and drawn in accordance with an accurate boundary line survey.

Trailer/Trailer House: A trailer is any vehicle coupled to, or drawn, by any motor vehicle. A trailer house is a trailer designed to serve wherever parked as a dwelling or a place of business.

Truck Camper: A portable unit, designed to be loaded onto, or affixed to, the bed or chassis of a truck, constructed to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping or travel use. This does not include pickup trucks ¾ ton or less in size with a topper or shell that does not exceed the height of the cab.

Variance: A specific exception to Restrictions or Guidelines in order to overcome practical difficulties or to prevent undue hardship in the application of the Restrictions and Guidelines.

View: A view is established from the rear outside main living area of properties adjoining open space. A view, if applicable, is established with the initial construction of the home. A view cannot be established by additions such as a second story deck. See View and Solar Obstructions, Section 2.87.

Yard: (These are illustrated examples only.) F = “front” yard; S = “side” yard; R = “rear” yard

4.2 Attachments

Figure 1: Solid Fences
Figure 2: Solid Fences
Figure 3: Open Fences
Figure 4: Split Rail Cedar Fence
Figure 5: Gates
Figure 6: Dog Runs
SOLID FENCES

(ALL MATERIALS ARE TO BE ROUGH SAWN CEDAR)

FIGURE 1
SOLID FENCES

(ALL MATERIALS ARE TO BE ROUGH SAWN CEDAR)

FIGURE 2
OPEN FENCES

(CALL MATERIALS ARE TO BE ROUGH SAWN CEDAR)

GROUN LEVEL
FRONT ELEVATION
TWO RAIL FENCE

10'-0" O.C. MAX.
OPTIONAL 2" x 4" GAUGE WELDED WIRE FENCE
2" x 6" ROUGH SAWN CEDAR RAILS
1/2 SLOPE, TROWEL SMOOTH
10" CONCRETE FOOTING (RECOMMENDED)

FRONT ELEVATION
THREE RAIL FENCE

10'-0" O.C. MAX.
2" x 6" ROUGH SAWN CEDAR RAILS
1/2 SLOPE, TROWEL SMOOTH
GROUN LEVEL
10" CONCRETE FOOTING (RECOMMENDED)

6/19/2018

CROSS SECTIONS

FIGURE 3
SPLIT RAIL CEDAR

SPLIT CEDAR POSTS 10' OC, MAX

SPLIT RAIL CEDAR POST  SPLIT RAIL CEDAR

GROUND LEVEL
TWO RAILS

3'-6" MAX
6"

SPLIT CEDAR POSTS 10' OC, MAX

SPLIT RAIL CEDAR POST  SPLIT RAIL CEDAR

GROUND LEVEL
THREE RAILS

6"
3'-6" MAX

FIGURE 4
GATES

(ALL MATERIALS ARE TO BE ROUGH SAWN CEDAR)

REAR ELEVATION

SOLID GATE
(TO BE INSTALLED ON SOLID FENCES ONLY)

FRONT ELEVATION
OPEN GATES
(TO BE INSTALLED ON OPEN FENCES ONLY)

FIGURE 5
DOG RUNS

DOG RUNS REQUIRE COMMITTEE APPROVAL. THEY MAY BE CONSTRUCTED OF SOLID OR OPEN FENCES (SEE FIG. 1, 2, 3, 4) OR WIRE MESH AS SHOWN BELOW. THE WIRE MESH FENCE SHALL ONLY BE USED FOR DOG RUNS AND SHALL NOT BE USED AS PERIMETER FENCING.

FIGURE 6